



**CHAKANA**  
C O P P E R

**CHAKANA COPPER CORP.**

**MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS**

**FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED NOVEMBER 30, 2021**

**(EXPRESSED IN CANADIAN DOLLARS)**



## **GENERAL**

This Management Discussion and Analysis (“MD&A”) of Chakana Copper Corp. (the “Corporation” or “Chakana”) dated January 27, 2022, provides an analysis of the Corporation’s financial results for the six months ended November 30, 2021. The following information should be read in conjunction with the accompanying unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements for the six months ended November 30, 2021 with accompanying notes, which have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (“IFRS”) and International Accounting Standard 34 *Interim Financial Reporting*, as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board.

All dollar figures are expressed in Canadian dollars, unless otherwise stated. The Corporation’s condensed interim consolidated financial statements and MD&A are available on [www.sedar.com](http://www.sedar.com).

## **CORPORATION OVERVIEW**

Chakana Copper Corp. was incorporated on May 2, 2011, under the laws of the province of British Columbia, Canada. The Corporation is a mineral exploration corporation listed on the TSX Venture Exchange (“TSX-V”) under the symbol “PERU”. The Corporation is currently engaged in the exploration and development of mineral properties, with prospects for copper, gold and silver in Peru.

The head office and principal address is 800 West Pender Street, Suite 1430, Vancouver, British Columbia, V6C 2V6, Canada. The records office of the Corporation is located at 1055 West Pender Street, Suite 1500, Vancouver, British Columbia, V6E 4V7, Canada.

The Corporation is currently advancing the Soledad Project near Aija in the Ancash region of the highly prolific Miocene mineral belt of Peru. The Corporation’s goal is to find and advance mineral projects to an economic resource within a single commodity cycle for further development by mid-tier and/or major mining companies. The Corporation looks for de-risked projects that have the characteristics of large above average grade mineral systems with significant upside potential. The Corporation employs the latest technological innovations to test the upside potential of projects with aggressively funded exploration programs.

## **GENERAL OVERVIEW OF MARKET CONDITIONS**

During the period May 31, 2021 through to the date of this MD&A, copper prices have fluctuated between a low of US \$4.14 per pound and a high of US \$4.75 per pound, closing at US \$4.40 per pound. During the same period, gold and silver prices started to appreciate, with gold trading between US \$1,718 per ounce and US \$1,907 per ounce, closing at US \$1,840 per ounce, and silver trading between US \$21 per ounce and US \$27 per ounce, closing at US \$24.47 per ounce.

Since the second half of 2019, base metal prices have increased significantly. However, as a result of the global pandemic caused by COVID-19, many governments have mandated lockdowns affecting the ability of companies to continue with normal operations and as a result, junior companies have experienced volatile share prices over this period. During 2020 and 2021 a new wave of COVID-19 related to the Delta and Omicron variants have also created pressure in the global markets including the resource sector. In addition to the global pandemic, the political situation in Peru has caused uncertainty for the mining industry. In management’s opinion, these factors were the primary drivers for a decline in the Corporation’s share price.

The outbreak of COVID-19 and political upheavals in various countries have caused significant volatility in commodity prices. Similarly, any future emergence and spread of pathogens could also have an adverse impact on global economic conditions, which may adversely impact the Corporation’s operations, and the operations of its suppliers, contractors and service providers, the ability to obtain financing and maintain necessary liquidity, and the ability to explore the Corporation’s properties. While these effects are expected to be temporary, the duration of the business disruptions internationally and related financial impact cannot be reasonably estimated at this time. Similarly, the Corporation cannot estimate whether or to what extent this outbreak and the potential financial impact may extend to countries outside of those currently impacted. Travel bans and other government restrictions may also adversely impact the Corporation’s operations and the ability of the Corporation to advance its projects. In particular, if any employees or consultants of the Corporation become infected with coronavirus or similar pathogens and/or the Corporation is unable to source necessary consumables or supplies, due to government restrictions or otherwise, it could have a material negative impact on the Corporation’s operations and prospects, including the complete shutdown of one or more of its exploration programs. The situation is dynamic and changing day-to-day. As a result of these uncertainties, the Corporation implemented work protocols for its employees and contractors incorporating COVID-19 prevention measures, such as installation of a stand-alone camp on the project, individual dormitory accommodations, improved

hygiene measures, use of masks and gloves, and mandatory social distancing. These measures have allowed the Corporation to continue operations, including its drilling program.

In Peru, the presidential runoff election on June 6, 2021 resulted in Pedro Castillo, a member of the left-wing Peru Libre party, securing majority votes. Castillo was inaugurated as President on July 28, 2021. While there is uncertainty regarding the economic and social policies that may be implemented in the future, Castillo came into power with a very narrow margin of victory, which may make most of his election promises difficult to uphold.

Peru is the world's second largest copper producer, with large gold, silver and zinc reserves. Mining is one of Peru's most significant industries. Peru has some US\$56 billion of open mining investments, primarily in copper, and is home to mines owned by large foreign companies. Victor Gobitz, president of the Peruvian Institute of Mining Engineers, stated that if the government properly approaches an open dialogue with the mining industry and properly defines the way to develop the country's sustainability, it could create a perfect environment to develop its copper products. However, despite the apparent positivity of talks, uncertainty remains in the industry and higher taxes is one of the main concerns.

## HIGHLIGHTS

### Exploration developments

- On July 27, 2021, the Corporation reported results from nine resources definition and exploration holes totaling 1,993.15 metres from the Soledad Project. Three holes were drilled through the Huancarama East breccia pipe. All holes intersected mineralized breccia with depths ranging between 70 metres and 200 metres below surface. In Paloma West three holes were drilled to further define mineralization from surface to a depth of approximately 100 metres depth. The breccia pipe demonstrates zoning with stronger gold and silver grades near surface and increasing copper grades with depth.
- On September 7, 2021, the Corporation reported significant intercepts at Breccia Pipe (or "BX") 1, including 46 metres of 5.64% copper 592.9 g/t silver and 0.36 g/t gold. At its Soledad Project, the Corporation has completed to date resourced definition holes at BX 1; being 62 drill holes totaling 19,936 metres and a total of 259 diamond core holes for total of 60,225 metres.
- On October 12, 2021, the Corporation reported results from five additional exploration holes drilled in BX 7 totaling 792.75 metres at its Soledad Project. Results showed BX 7 has stronger precious metal grades than copper at the depths drilled so far. BX 7 is an excellent exploration target that requires additional drilling to constrain its shape and depth extents before initiating resource definition drilling.
- On October 14, 2021, the Corporation reported results from 14 resources definition holes drilled in BX 5 totaling 2,052.75 metres at its Soledad Project. Results for BX 5 are outstanding and improve our understanding of the mineralization hosted in this breccia pipe. Grades are stronger at depth as seen in the deeper holes in this release, and mineralization remains open.
- On November 1, 2021, the Corporation reported results from 12 resource definition holes drilled in Huancarama totaling 2,974.85 metres at its Soledad Project. Drill holes were drilled from four different platforms and were designed to confirm the geometry and continuity of mineralization within the breccia pipe. All holes intersected significant mineralization.
- On November 18, 2021, the Corporation reported results from the remaining 12 resource definition holes drilled in BX 5 totaling 2,541 metres at the Soledad Project. These drill holes were designed to confirm shallow mineralization in the top southeastern quadrant of the breccia pipe, as well as deeper extents of mineralization probed by two holes drilled to the north from a platform located 100 metres south of the breccia pipe. All holes intersected significant mineralization.
- On January 4, 2022, the Corporation reported results from 13 additional resource definitions and exploration holes drilled in Huancarama totaling 3,265 metres at the Soledad Project. Drill holes described in this release were drilled from three different platforms and were designed to confirm the geometry and continuity of mineralization within the breccia pipe. All resource definition holes intersected significant mineralization. In addition to the high copper, gold and silver grades reported in these drill holes, three of the holes also intersected very strong molybdenum mineralization at depths of around 350 metres below surface.

- On January 11, 2022 the Corporation provided an initial inferred resource estimate for the Soledad project with the following highlights:
  - Inferred Resources were estimated for seven breccia pipes that start at surface and extend to an average depth of approximately 300 metres; all zones remain open at depth
  - Inferred Resources of 4.8 million tonnes grading 0.72 g/t gold, 61 g/t silver and 0.97% copper assumed to be extractable by underground mining methods
  - Inferred Resources of 1.9 million tonnes grading 1.29 g/t gold, 37.1 g/t silver and 0.65% copper assumed to be extractable by open pit mining methods
  - Opportunities for increasing the Inferred Resources include drill testing numerous additional breccia pipes identified on the property and extending the known mineralized zones at depth from the current Inferred Resources
  - 16 out of 110 (15%) current targets have been tested to date, seven of which are included in the initial Inferred Resource estimate; several of the tested targets not included in the initial Inferred Resource estimate are mineralized and require additional exploration drilling

Please refer to news releases on [www.sedar.com](http://www.sedar.com) and the Corporation's website at [www.chakanacopper.com](http://www.chakanacopper.com) for the Corporation's drilling results details.

#### Corporate matters

- In October 2021, the Corporation amended the July 11, 2018 agreement with Minera Barrick Misquichilca S.A. ("Barrick") regarding three concessions owned by Barrick that make up a large portion of the southern half of the Soledad Project. Under the amendment, Chakana must obtain the Authorization to Initiate Activities ("AIA") for exploration drilling on or before September 27, 2023. Then the Corporation has four years from the AIA to complete a minimum 4,000 metres of drilling and a National Instrument 43-101-compliant Preliminary Economic Assessment.

#### EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION EXPENDITURES

The Corporation is engaged in investigation, evaluation, exploration and development of mineralized precious and base metal properties and related activities in Peru. The Corporation's wholly owned indirect subsidiary, Chakana Resources S.A.C., holds: (i) the option to acquire a 100% ownership interest in the Soledad Project ("Condor Option") and owns a net smelter return royalty ("NSR") on the Soledad Project; (ii) holds an option to acquire a 100% ownership interest in the adjacent Aija Project ("Aija Project"); and (iii) holds an option to acquire up to a 100% ownership in other adjacent mineral concessions owned by Barrick (the "Barrick Option") subject to certain "back-in" rights. All three options are collectively referred to as the "Soledad Project." The Corporation is the operator of all related mineral exploration activities on these projects.

Acquisition costs of the Soledad Project are as follows:

|                                    | Condor Option |           | Aija Project |           | Total        |
|------------------------------------|---------------|-----------|--------------|-----------|--------------|
| <b>Balance – May 31, 2020</b>      | \$            | 2,095,863 | \$           | 466,774   | \$ 2,562,637 |
| Acquisition costs                  |               | 330,034   |              | 237,912   | 567,946      |
| Foreign exchange on translation    |               | (238,601) |              | (101,142) | (339,743)    |
| <b>Balance – May 31, 2021</b>      |               | 2,187,296 |              | 603,544   | 2,790,840    |
| Acquisition costs                  |               | 243,510   |              | 123,493   | 367,003      |
| Foreign exchange on translation    |               | (2,767)   |              | (588)     | (3,355)      |
| <b>Balance – November 30, 2021</b> | \$            | 2,428,039 | \$           | 726,449   | \$ 3,154,488 |

**CHAKANA COPPER CORP.**  
**FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED NOVEMBER 30, 2021**  
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During the six months ended November 30, 2021 and 2020, the Corporation incurred exploration and evaluation expenditures as follows:

|  | Three Months<br>Ended<br>November 30,<br>2021 | Three Months<br>Ended<br>November 30,<br>2020 | Six Months<br>Ended<br>November 30,<br>2021 | Six Months<br>Ended<br>November 30,<br>2020 |
|--|---|---|---|---|
| Drilling                               | \$ 64,058                                     | \$ 713,871                                    | \$ 1,397,210                                | \$ 713,871                                  |
| Exploration support and administration | 405,520                                       | 298,638                                       | 765,002                                     | 584,264                                     |
| Field operations and consumables       | 381,106                                       | 190,369                                       | 647,402                                     | 276,756                                     |
| Geological consultants                 | 189,547                                       | 48,907  | 309,995                                     | 89,007                                      |
| Sampling and geological costs          | 153,601                                       | 124,358                                       | 384,507                                     | 124,358                                     |
| Transportation                         | 61,664  | 45,677  | 110,563                                     | 69,222                                      |
|  | \$ 1,255,496                                  | \$ 1,421,820                                  | \$ 3,614,679                                | \$ 1,857,478                                |

**SUMMARY OF QUARTERLY RESULTS**

Key financial information for the three months ended November 30, 2021, as well as the most recently preceding seven quarters is summarized as follows:

|                     | November 30,<br>2021 | August 31,<br>2021 | May 31,<br>2021 | February 28,<br>2021 |
|---------------------|----------------------|--------------------|-----------------|----------------------|
| Current Assets      | \$ 3,515,573         | \$ 5,734,497       | \$ 8,904,769    | \$ 9,642,901         |
| Current Liabilities | \$ 649,829           | \$ 1,099,322       | \$ 1,288,798    | \$ 790,059           |
| Total Assets        | \$ 8,081,032         | \$ 9,908,339       | \$ 13,191,670   | \$ 13,559,092        |
| Total Liabilities   | \$ 824,629           | \$ 1,278,433       | \$ 1,483,230    | \$ 790,059           |
| Operating Expenses  | \$ (1,889,239)       | \$ (3,020,958)     | \$ (2,940,351)  | \$ (2,016,903)       |
| Net Loss            | \$ (1,863,900)       | \$ (3,433,248)     | \$ (3,162,022)  | \$ (2,074,339)       |
| Loss per Share      | \$ (0.01)            | \$ (0.03)          | \$ (0.03)       | \$ (0.02)            |

|                     | November 30,<br>2020 | August 31,<br>2020 | May 31,<br>2020 | February 29,<br>2020 |
|---------------------|----------------------|--------------------|-----------------|----------------------|
| Current Assets      | \$ 4,716,496         | \$ 6,420,439       | \$ 6,815,408    | \$ 7,612,318         |
| Current Liabilities | \$ 605,452           | \$ 272,452         | \$ 339,068      | \$ 353,615           |
| Total Assets        | \$ 8,340,893         | \$ 9,822,906       | \$ 10,794,843   | \$ 11,484,646        |
| Total Liabilities   | \$ 605,452           | \$ 272,452         | \$ 339,068      | \$ 353,615           |
| Operating Expenses  | \$ (2,029,145)       | \$ (1,409,750)     | \$ (829,646)    | \$ (952,239)         |
| Net Loss            | \$ (2,000,965)       | \$ (1,275,370)     | \$ (796,550)    | \$ (1,198,970)       |
| Loss per Share      | \$ (0.02)            | \$ (0.01)          | \$ (0.01)       | \$ (0.01)            |

**RESULTS OF OPERATIONS FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED NOVEMBER 30, 2021**

Total operating expenses for three months ended November 30, 2021 were \$1,889,239 (2020 - \$2,029,145). The significant expenditures for the current quarter were as follows:

- Exploration and evaluation expenditures were \$1,255,496 during the three months ended November 30, 2021 (2020 - \$1,421,820), inclusive of drilling expenses of \$64,058 (2020 - \$713,871). Decreased drilling expenses were a result of the Corporation concluding its drill program for the year.
- Exploration support and administration of \$405,520 (2020 - \$298,638), field expenses of \$381,106 (2020 - \$190,369), geological consulting fees of \$189,547 (2020 - \$48,907), sampling and geological costs of \$153,601 (2020 - \$124,358) and transportation expenses of \$61,664 (2020 - \$45,677). The increase in these expenditures is due to the Corporation working on the results of the drill program.

- Consulting fees were \$59,067 and salaries and wages expenses were \$65,900 during the three months ended November 30, 2021, compared to \$47,527 of consulting fees and \$68,673 of salaries and wages for the three months ended November 30, 2020. These expenses remained relatively constant year to year.
- General and administrative expenses remained relatively constant at \$99,190 during the three months ended November 30, 2021, compared to \$97,759 during the three months ended November 30, 2020.
- During the three months ended November 30, 2021, the Corporation incurred \$60,838 (2020 - \$61,034) of legal and professional fees.
- Stock-based compensation expenses were \$203,391 during the three months ended November 30, 2021 (2020 - \$202,883). The change in stock-based compensation expense during the three months ended November 30, 2021 is the result of no new options granted during the period.
- Investor relations expenses were \$98,378 (2020 - \$105,119); these expenditures also remained relatively constant with a slight decrease of \$6,741.

As a result of the foregoing, the Corporation recorded a net loss of \$1,863,900 during the three months ended November 30, 2021 (2020 - \$2,000,965).

#### **RESULTS OF OPERATIONS FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED NOVEMBER 30, 2020**

Total operating expenses for the six months ended November 30, 2021 were \$4,883,193 (2020 - \$3,438,895). The significant expenditures for the current quarter were as follows:

- Exploration and evaluation expenditures were \$3,614,679 during the six months ended November 30, 2021 (2020 - \$1,857,478), inclusive of drilling expenses of \$1,397,210 (2020 - \$713,871). Exploration support and administration were \$765,002 (2020 - \$584,264), field expenses were \$647,402 (2020 - \$276,756), geological consulting fees of \$309,995 (2020 - \$89,007), sampling and geological costs of \$384,507 (2020 - \$124,358) and transportation expenses were \$110,563 (2020 - \$69,222). The increases in these expenditures were due to the Corporation concluding its 2021 drill program, which targeted 26,000 metres exploration and resource drilling.
- Consulting expenses were \$125,420 and salaries and wages expenses were \$134,175 during the six months ended November 30, 2021, compared to \$114,783 of consulting fees and \$151,710 of salaries and wages for the six months ended November 30, 2020. These expenses remained relatively constant year to year.
- General and administrative expenses were \$187,159 during the six months ended November 30, 2021, compared to \$170,048 during the six months ended November 30, 2020. These expenses remained relatively constant year to year.
- Travelling expenses were \$17,461 during the six months ended November 30, 2021 (2020 - \$1,649), a slight increase due to COVID-19 restrictions during the current period have somewhat lifted and more travel has been possible.
- During the six months ended November 30, 2021, the Corporation incurred \$86,839 of legal and professional fees (2020 - \$100,128), a slight decrease from the prior period. These expenses relate to audit fees and legal fees to the keep properties in good standing, as well as various corporate matters.
- Stock-based compensation and investor relations expenses were \$505,047 and \$148,804, respectively, during the six months ended November 30, 2021 (2020 - \$809,975 and \$183,603, respectively). Stock-based compensation expense realized during the respective periods is the result of amortization of share-based expense from stock options granted during the prior year. Investor relations expenses decreased during the six months ended November 30, 2021, as the Corporation focused its efforts on its drilling and exploration program.
- During the current period, the Corporation changed the warehouse where it keeps its core to a place closer to the property. As a result of the move the Corporation wrote-off leasehold improvements made to the previous warehouse, which resulting in a net charge of \$410,493.

- During the prior period, the Corporation received refunds totaling \$128,607 of value-added tax from the Peruvian government, which it had previously written down.

As a result of the foregoing, the Corporation recorded a net loss of \$5,270,145 during the six months ended November 30, 2021 (2020 - \$3,276,335).

#### SUMMARY OF MINERAL PROPERTIES

##### (i) Condor Option

On April 17, 2017, the Corporation entered into a Mining Assignment and Option Agreement (the Condor Option) with Minera Vertiente del Sol S.A.C., a Peruvian subsidiary of TSX-V-listed Condor Resources Inc. ("Condor"), pursuant to which the Corporation has the sole and exclusive option to acquire 100% of the rights and interests in the Soledad Project, subject to a 2% NSR.

The Corporation's option to acquire 100% of the rights and interests in the Soledad Project is exercisable by issuing 500,000 common shares by June 23, 2018 (issued), making aggregate cash payments of US \$5,375,000, and incurring work expenditures on the Soledad Project (which have been met). The Corporation must complete 12,500 metres of exploration drilling at the Soledad Project. As at November 30, 2021, the Corporation has drilled over 12,500 metres on the Soledad Project, therefore meeting all of its drilling commitments under the Condor Option.

On November 16, 2020, the original Mining Assignment and Options agreement with Minera Vertiente was modified as follows:

- By General Shareholders Meeting dated July 2nd, 2019, formalized by Public Deed dated August 28th, 2019, granted before Public Notary Mr. Alfredo Paino Scarpati, it was agreed the merger by absorption between Minera Vertiente with Condor Exploration Peru S.A.C., and as consequence of the merger, Minera Vertiente was extinguished without any winding of the company. As a consequence, Condor Exploration Peru S.A.C. recognizes and assumes all the rights and obligations of Minera Vertiente in the Agreement, the First Addendum and this Second Addendum.
- The term of the mining assignment is fifty-eight (58) months, counted from the closing date in accordance with clause six of this Agreement. As a consequence of this, the payment schedule was modified so that US\$200,000 was due on December 23, 2021, and a final payment of US\$4,425,000 was due on April 23, 2022.

The Condor Option exercise cash payments schedule is as follows:

| Installment | Date   | Amount<br>(in US \$) |
|-------------|--|----------------------|
| 1           | February 2017 (paid)                                     | \$ 10,000            |
| 2           | Upon signing the Agreement on April 17, 2017 (paid)      | 15,000               |
| 3           | December 23, 2017 (paid)                                 | 25,000               |
| 4           | June 23, 2018 (paid)                                     | 50,000               |
| 5           | December 23, 2018 (paid)                                 | 50,000               |
| 6           | June 23, 2019 (paid)                                     | 75,000               |
| 7           | December 23, 2019 (paid)                                 | 75,000               |
| 8           | June 23, 2020 (paid)                                     | 100,000              |
| 9           | December 23, 2020 (paid)                                 | 150,000              |
| 10          | June 23, 2021 (paid)                                     | 200,000              |
| 11          | December 23, 2021 (paid subsequent to November 30, 2021) | 200,000              |
| 12          | April 23, 2022   | 4,425,000            |
| Total       |  | \$ 5,375,000         |

As at the date of this MD&A, the Corporation has paid installments 1 to 11, totaling US \$950,000. The June 23, 2018 installment was accompanied with the issuance of 500,000 shares of the Corporation valued at \$330,000.

On March 18, 2019, the Corporation purchased a 1% NSR on the Soledad Project for \$369,902 (US \$275,000) and 900,000 common shares valued at \$378,000. As a result of the Corporation purchasing the NSR, the Condor Option

was amended to reflect a reduction of the NSR from 2% to 1%, with the Corporation having the right to repurchase 50% of the NSR (or 0.5%) for US \$1,000,000 subsequent to exercising the Condor Option. If the Corporation does not exercise the Condor Option, Condor has the right to purchase 50% of the NSR (or 0.5%) for US \$1,000,000. The amendment to the Condor Option also eliminated Chakana's pre-production royalty payment obligations.

The Soledad Project is located in Ancash province of central Peru, approximately 260 kilometres north-northwest of Lima and 35 kilometres south of Barrick's Pierina mine. The Soledad Project is part of the Ticapampa-Aija Mining District in the Cordillera Negra, a region with a long history of exploration and mining.

Previous exploration identified numerous high-grade quartz-tourmaline-sulfide breccia pipes that crop out at surface. Whereas the mineralization hosted in the breccia pipes is impressive in terms of grade and vertical extent, previous explorers were focused on a blind mineralized porphyry target inferred to be the source of the breccia mineralization. Chakana is focused on testing the breccia pipes to determine if they host economic mineralization.

The breccia pipes are principally hosted in the Calipuy group volcanic rocks, consisting of andesite flows, tuff and rhyolite with a composite thickness of over 2,000 metres. A secondary host is granodiorite that intrudes the volcanic rocks. A 16,000-metres drill program was initiated on August 16, 2017, designed to determine the geometry of several previously drilled pipes, determine the true grade profile by drilling across the pipes, define an initial inferred resource on two of the pipes and test a number of targets across the property.

- **Geophysics:** Both downhole and surface electromagnetic surveys and a ground magnetics survey were completed within the portions of the Soledad Project where breccia pipes were known or expected based upon soil sampling and geological modeling. This work identified conductive features, some of which yielded additional sulfide mineralization, while others remain untested.
- **Geological Modeling:** The Corporation utilizes specialized consultants and exploration software in order to track results and then model results daily in 3-D. This permits a tighter control on drill hole directions while permitting real-time discussions between Peru-based staff and officers or consultants based around the world.
- **Soil Geochemical and Outcropping Rock Sampling** has been completed over the most prospective portions of the Soledad Project. Results have been integrated into our modeling and have yielded both new targets and extensions to known zones.

Please refer to news releases on [www.sedar.com](http://www.sedar.com) and the Corporation's website at [www.chakanacopper.com](http://www.chakanacopper.com) for the Corporation's drilling results details.

#### **(ii) Aija Project, Peru**

On March 20, 2018, the Corporation entered into an Option Agreement (the "Aija Option") with an arm's length third-party, pursuant to which the Corporation has the option to acquire 100% of the rights and interest in the Aija Project subject to a 2% NSR. During the year ended May 31, 2021, the Corporation renegotiated the payments schedule. The Aija Project includes three principal concessions and seven smaller parcels within one of the principal concessions, totaling in aggregate 574.71 hectares. These concessions are contiguous with the southern boundary of the Condor concessions.



The Corporation's option to acquire 100% of the rights and interests in the Aija Project is exercisable by making aggregate cash payments of US \$2,300,000 as follows:

| Installment | Date   | Amount<br>(in US \$) |
|-------------|--|----------------------|
| 1           | Upon execution of Letter of Intent on October 3, 2017 (paid) | \$ 75,000            |
| 2           | Upon close of Definitive Agreement on August 1, 2018 (paid)  | 75,000               |
| 3           | February 1, 2019 (paid)                                      | 50,000               |
| 4           | August 1, 2019 (paid)  | 50,000               |
| 5           | February 1, 2020 (paid)                                      | 75,000               |
| 6           | November 1, 2020 (paid)                                      | 75,000               |
| 7           | May 1, 2021 (paid)   | 100,000              |
| 8           | November 1, 2021 (paid)                                      | 100,000              |
| 9           | May 1, 2022  | 100,000              |
| 10          | November 1, 2022   | 100,000              |
| 11          | May 1, 2023  | 1,500,000            |
| Total       |  | \$ 2,300,000         |

As at the date of this MD&A, the Corporation has paid installments 1 to 8, totaling US \$600,000.

Under the terms of the Aija Option, the vendor is entitled to a 2% NSR. The Corporation may repurchase the 2% NSR at any time for US \$2,000,000. There are no drilling or work expenditure commitments under the Aija Option.

The Corporation has completed detailed soil and rock sampling, geological mapping, surface electromagnetic surveys and ground magnetics surveys within the portions of the Aija Project where breccia pipes were known or expected based upon soil sampling and geological modeling. Results are encouraging with the identification of nine confirmed breccia pipes within the option. The Corporation met with numerous delays in acquiring permits to do this work, largely as a result of inconsistent records at different government ministries. During the year ended May 31, 2021, after receiving the required permits, the Corporation commenced its drilling program, which have provided very encouraging results.

Please refer to news releases on [www.sedar.com](http://www.sedar.com) and the Corporation's website at [www.chakanacopper.com](http://www.chakanacopper.com) for the Corporation's drilling results details.

### (iii) Barrick Option Agreement

On July 11, 2018, Barrick granted the Corporation an option (the Barrick Option) to acquire a 100% interest in three concessions adjoining the southern extent of the Aija Project. Under terms of the Barrick Option, the Corporation has five years to complete a minimum of 2,000 metres of exploration drilling and produce a Preliminary Economic Assessment report compliant with National Instrument 43-101 *Standards of Disclosure for Mineral Projects*. Upon exercise of the Barrick Option, Barrick will retain a 2% NSR subject to the Corporation's right to purchase 50% of the NSR (1%) for US \$2,000,000.

Barrick will have a one-time right to reacquire a 70% interest in the concessions within 120 days of exercising the option (the "Back-in Closing Date") by paying the Corporation three times the aggregate amount of exploration expenditures incurred since the execution date and cancelling the 2% NSR. If a production decision is not made within seven years of the Back-in Closing Date, Barrick will make pre-royalty payments of US \$75,000 per year until a production decision is made for a maximum of five years (US \$375,000). If the Corporation does not contribute its share of project costs their interest will be diluted to 10%, upon which their interest will be converted to a 2% NSR with Barrick's right to purchase 50% of the royalty for US \$2,000,000.

The Corporation has completed detailed soil and rock sampling, geological mapping, surface electromagnetic surveys and ground magnetics surveys within the portions of the Barrick Option concessions where breccia pipes were known or expected based upon soil sampling and geological modeling. Results are encouraging with the identification of seven confirmed breccia pipes within the Barrick Option concessions. The Corporation is working on surface access and modifying the AIA permit to allow drilling in this area. The Corporation has met with numerous delays due to COVID-19 in acquiring surface access and permits to do this work.

In October 2021, the Corporation amended the July 11, 2018 agreement with Barrick regarding three concessions owned by Barrick that make up a large portion of the southern half of the Soledad Project. Under the amendment, Chakana must obtain the AIA for exploration drilling on or before September 27, 2023. Then the Corporation has four years from the AIA to complete a minimum 4,000 metres of drilling and a National Instrument 43-101-compliant Preliminary Economic Assessment. Barrick will have a one-time right to reacquire the property with a 70% interest. If Barrick declines, an undivided 100% interest in the concessions will be transferred to Chakana.

#### CAPITAL STRUCTURE

As of the date of this MD&A, the Corporation has 111,410,363 (November 30, 2021 - 111,410,363) common shares, nil (November 30, 2021 - nil) common share purchase warrants and 8,985,000 (November 30, 2021 - 9,260,000) stock options issued and outstanding.

#### Issued capital

During the six months ended November 30, 2021, no common shares were issued by the Corporation.

During the year ended May 31, 2021, the Corporation issued common shares as follows:

- On February 10, 2021, the Corporation completed the first tranche of a non-brokered private placement of 14,186,000 common shares at a price of \$0.50 per share for gross proceeds of \$7,093,000.
- On March 17, 2021, the Corporation completed the second and final tranche of a non-brokered private placement of 3,874,516 common shares at a price of \$0.50 per share for gross proceeds of \$1,937,258. In connection to the private placement, the Corporation recorded \$342,211 of share issuance costs related to finders' fees, legal and other costs of completing the private placement.
- During the year ended May 31, 2021, the Corporation issued 150,000 common shares on the exercise of options at an exercise price of \$0.20 per share for gross proceeds of \$30,000.

The following incentive stock options were outstanding at November 30, 2021 and May 31, 2021:

| <b>Expiry Date</b>               | <b>Exercise Price</b> | <b>November 30,<br/>2021</b> | <b>May 31,<br/>2021</b> |
|----------------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------|
| September 14, 2022               | \$0.40                | 1,885,000                    | 2,235,000               |
| February 5, 2023                 | \$0.20                | 700,000                      | 700,000                 |
| March 29, 2023                   | \$0.94                | 100,000                      | 200,000                 |
| December 12, 2024                | \$0.20                | 1,175,000                    | 1,225,000               |
| July 10, 2025                    | \$0.40                | 1,800,000                    | 2,050,000               |
| April 22, 2026                   | \$0.50                | 3,600,000                    | 3,600,000               |
| <b>Total outstanding options</b> | <b>\$0.41</b>         | <b>9,260,000</b>             | <b>10,010,000</b>       |
| <b>Total exercisable options</b> | <b>\$0.39</b>         | <b>7,347,500</b>             | <b>5,853,750</b>        |

During the year ended May 31, 2021 the Corporation granted 5,650,000 incentive stock options to employees and consultants exercisable for a period of five years from the date of grant. Of the 5,650,000 incentive stock options, 2,050,000 are exercisable at a price of \$0.40 per common share and 3,600,000 are exercisable at a price of \$0.50 per common share.

#### CAPITAL RESOURCES

The Corporation defines capital as consisting of shareholders' equity and cash. The Corporation manages its capital structure to maximize its financial flexibility by making adjustments to it in response to changes in economic conditions and the risk characteristics of the underlying assets and business opportunities. The Corporation does not presently utilize any quantitative measures to monitor its capital, but rather relies on the expertise of the Corporation's management to sustain the future development of the business. Management reviews its capital management approach on an ongoing basis and believes that this approach, given the relative size of the Corporation, is reasonable.

As at November 30, 2021, the Corporation is not subject to any externally imposed capital requirements or debt covenants. There was no change to the Corporation's approach to capital management during the six months ended November 30, 2021.

#### **LIQUIDITY**

The Corporation's objective in managing liquidity risk is to maintain sufficient liquidity in order to meet operational and investing requirements at any point in time. The Corporation has historically financed its operations primarily through the sale of share capital by way of private placements.

As at November 30, 2021, the Corporation had cash of \$3,338,226 and working capital of \$2,865,744.

Cash used in operating activities was \$4,835,444 during the six months ended November 30, 2021. The cash used in operating activities is for exploration and evaluation expenditures.

Cash used in investing activities was \$534,586 during the six months ended November 30, 2021, and was primarily related to purchases of equipment, leasehold improvements for the new warehouse and option payments related to the Corporation's properties.

Cash used in financing activities was \$21,195 during the six months ended November 30, 2021, and was related to repayment of obligation under capital lease.

The development of the Corporation in the future will depend on the Corporation's ability to obtain additional financings. In the past, the Corporation has relied on the sale of equity securities to meet its cash requirements. Future developments, in excess of funds on hand, will depend on the Corporation's ability to obtain financing through joint venturing of projects, debt financing, equity financing or other means. There can be no assurances that the Corporation will be successful in obtaining any such financing or in joint venturing its property; failure to obtain such additional financing could result in the delay or indefinite postponement of further exploration and development of the Corporation's properties.

#### **OUTLOOK**

The Corporation plans to conduct further exploration on its exploration projects. Further exploration and corporate costs are expected to be funded through future equity financing or other means. As of the date of this MD&A, the Corporation has approximately \$6.3 million in cash and cash equivalents. Exploration will continue to focus on mineralization hosted in tourmaline breccia pipes. Surface exploration over the northern half of the property has largely been completed and drill targets have been defined. Additional exploration drilling to test targets on the north half of the project is planned for 2022. Metallurgical and mineralogical studies will be completed to complement the resource estimate, and additional surface exploration work will continue on the south half of the Soledad Project to define additional drill targets, which will be tested once permits for this area are obtained. Based on the level of exploration activity, the Corporation will continue its community relations and development program in the areas close to the Soledad Project.

#### **RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS**

The Corporation's related parties include officers and directors and companies related by way of directors or shareholders in common.

During the six months ended November 30, 2021 and 2020, the Corporation paid and/or accrued the following fees to key management personnel:

- During the six months ended November 30, 2021, the Corporation incurred \$127,739 (2020 - \$133,227) of consulting fees from David Kelley, the Corporation's CEO.
- The Corporation is party to a consulting agreement with a firm for which Xavier Wenzel works to provide services as the Corporation's Chief Financial Officer, as well as financial consulting services, accounting and bookkeeping services to the Corporation for \$8,500 per month. For the six months ended November 30, 2021, the total fees incurred under this agreement are \$51,000 (2020 - \$51,000).
- During the six months ended November 30, 2021, the Corporation incurred \$6,000 (2020 - \$6,000) of consulting expense from John Black, a director of the Corporation. As of November 30, 2021, the amount of

\$44,000 (May 31, 2021 - \$38,000) was owed to John Black, which is included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities. The amount owed is non-interest-bearing, unsecured and due on demand.

- During the six months ended November 30, 2021, the Corporation incurred \$30,000 (2020 - \$30,000) of consulting expense from Chelmer Consulting Corp., a company controlled by Darren Devine, a director of the Corporation. As of November 30, 2021, the amount of \$5,250 (May 31, 2021 - \$5,250) was owed to Chelmer Consulting Corp., which is included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities. The amount owed is non-interest-bearing, unsecured and due on demand.
- During the six months ended November 30, 2021, the Corporation incurred \$45,636 (2020 - \$nil) of consulting expense from Balfour Holdings LLC, a company owned by Douglas Silver, a director of the Corporation. As of November 30, 2021, the amount of \$nil (May 31, 2021 - \$nil) was owed to Balfour Holdings LLC.
- During the six months ended November 30, 2021, the Corporation incurred \$6,000 (2020 - \$6,000) of consulting expense from Tom Wharton, a director of the Corporation. As of November 30, 2021, the amount of \$11,000 (May 31, 2021 - \$5,000) was owed to Tom Wharton, which is included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities. The amount owed is non-interest-bearing, unsecured and due on demand.

#### **OFF BALANCE SHEET ARRANGEMENTS**

The Corporation currently has no off-balance sheet arrangements.

#### **FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RISK MANAGEMENT**

Financial assets and liabilities are classified in the fair value hierarchy according to the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Assessment of the significance of a particular input to the fair value measurement requires judgment and may affect placement within the fair value hierarchy levels.

The hierarchy is as follows:

- Level 1 fair value measurements are those derived from quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date.
- Level 2 fair value measurements are those derived from inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.
- Level 3 fair value measurements are those derived from inputs that are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

The fair value of cash under the fair value hierarchy is measured using Level 1 inputs. The Corporation considers that the carrying amount of all its financial assets and financial liabilities recognized at amortized cost in the consolidated financial statements approximates their fair value due to the demand nature or short-term maturity of these instruments.

Fair value estimates of financial instruments are made at a specific point in time, based on relevant information about financial markets and specific financial instruments. As these estimates are subjective in nature, involving uncertainties and matters of significant judgment, they cannot be determined with precision. Changes in assumptions can significantly affect estimated fair values.

#### **FINANCIAL RISK FACTORS**

The Corporation's risk exposure and the impact on the Corporation's financial instruments are summarized below:

##### Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of potential loss to the Corporation if the counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations. The Corporation's credit risk is primarily attributable to its liquid financial assets, including cash and receivables. The Corporation limits exposure to credit risk on liquid financial assets through maintaining its cash with a high credit quality financial institution.

##### Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Corporation will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. The Corporation currently settles its financial obligations with cash. The ability to do this relies on the Corporation raising

equity financing in a timely manner and by maintaining sufficient cash in excess of anticipated needs. The Corporation is exposed to liquidity risk.

#### Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in market interest rates. The Corporation has no interest-bearing debt. The Corporation's sensitivity to interest rates is minimal.

#### Foreign currency risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk on fluctuation of currency related to monetary items with a settlement currency other than the Canadian dollar. The functional currency of Chakana is the Canadian dollar and the functional currency of the subsidiary is the Peruvian Sol. The Corporation is exposed to foreign currency risk on fluctuations related to cash, receivables, prepayments and accrued liabilities that are denominated in Peruvian soles, US dollars and Canadian dollars. The Corporation has not used derivative instruments to reduce its exposure to foreign currency risk nor has it entered into foreign exchange contracts to hedge against gains or losses from foreign exchange fluctuations.

### **BUSINESS RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES**

Additional information on risks and uncertainties relating to Chakana's business is provided in Remo Resources Inc.'s Filing Statement dated December 4, 2017 under the heading **Financial Risk Factors**. This Filing Statement is accessible under the Corporation's profile at [www.sedar.com](http://www.sedar.com).

### **CONTRACTUAL OBLIGATIONS**

The Corporation leases various premises that expire from May 2021 to June 2026. The Corporation is obligated to make \$56,900 in minimum lease payments under the premises leases in the fiscal year to end May 31, 2022.

### **CONTINGENCIES**

During the six months ended November 30, 2021, a former employee who had the role of community relations manager for the Corporation's subsidiary filed a claim against the Corporation alleging he suffered an injury while working with the Corporation and is seeking compensation for damages of up to US \$390,000. The former employee was employed during 2019 and has provided no evidence such injury occurred while employed by the Corporation nor if such injury was a direct result of his employment. The Corporation believes the claim is without merit and intends to vigorously defend its position. Due to Covid-19, a hearing on this has been postponed until May 10, 2022. As the outcome of this claim is uncertain, no amount has been accrued for any potential loss under this complaint.

### **CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGMENTS AND ESTIMATES**

The preparation of the Corporation's condensed interim consolidated financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities at the date of the condensed interim consolidated financial statements, and reported amounts of income and expenses during the reporting period. Estimates and assumptions are continuously evaluated and are based on management's experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. However, actual outcomes may differ significantly from these estimates.

Areas requiring a significant degree of judgment relate to the recoverability and measurement of deferred tax assets and liabilities, the ability to continue as a going concern and the capitalization of development costs. Actual results may differ from those estimates and judgments. Areas requiring a significant degree of estimation include allowances for doubtful accounts.

Judgments that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognized in the Corporation's consolidated financial statements are as follows:

- *Impairment of Exploration and Evaluation Assets*

The net carrying value of each mineral property is reviewed regularly for conditions that suggest potential indications of impairment. This review requires significant judgment. Factors considered in the assessment of asset impairment include, but are not limited to, whether there has been a significant adverse change in the

legal, regulatory, accessibility, title, environmental or political factors that could affect the property's value; whether there has been an accumulation of costs significantly in excess of the amounts originally expected for the property's acquisition, development or cost of holding; and whether exploration activities produced results that are not promising, such that no more work is being planned in the foreseeable future.

- *Going Concern*

The assessment of the Corporation's ability to continue as a going concern involves critical judgment based on historical experience and expectations of the Corporation's ability to generate adequate financing. Significant judgment is used in the Corporation's assessment of its ability to continue as a going concern.

- *Value-added Tax Receivable*

The Corporation has a signed agreement with the Peruvian Ministry of Energy and Mines to receive a refund on value-added taxes for certain exploration related expenditures incurred by the Corporation in Peru, prior to the Corporation generating sales. These value-added tax receivables are subject to review by the Peruvian tax authorities. Management is required to assess the likelihood of approval for the expenditures filed for refund and collectability of the value-added tax receivables from the Peruvian Ministry of Energy and Mines.

- *Income Taxes*

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are determined based on differences between the financial statement carrying values of assets and liabilities and their respective income tax bases (temporary differences), and losses carried forward.

The determination of the ability of the Corporation to utilize tax loss carry-forwards to offset deferred tax liabilities requires management to exercise judgment and make certain assumptions about the future performance of the Corporation. Management is required to assess whether it is probable that the Corporation will benefit from these prior losses and other deferred tax assets. Changes in economic conditions, metal prices and other factors could result in revision to the estimates of the benefits to be realized or the timing of utilizing the losses.

- *Functional Currency*

The functional currency for the Corporation's subsidiary is the Peruvian sol – the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates. Determination of functional currency may involve certain judgments to determine the primary economic environment and the Corporation reconsiders the functional currency of its entities if there is a change in events and conditions that determined the primary economic environment.

#### **SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

The Corporation's significant accounting policies are summarized in Note 3 to the audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended May 31, 2021.

#### **CAUTIONARY STATEMENT REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS**

This MD&A contains certain statements that may be deemed "forward-looking statements", including statements regarding developments in the Corporation's operations in future periods, adequacy of financial resources, and future plans and objectives of the Corporation. All statements in this document, other than statements of historical fact, which address events or developments that the Corporation expects to occur, are forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements are statements that are not historical facts and are generally, but not always, identified by the words "expects", "plans", "anticipates", "believes", "intends", "estimates", "projects", "potential", "interprets" and similar expressions, or events or conditions that "will", "would", "may", "could" or "should" occur. Forward-looking statements in this document include statements regarding future exploration programs, liquidity and effects of accounting policy changes.

Although the Corporation believes the expectations expressed in such forward-looking statements are based on reasonable assumptions, such statements are not guarantees of future performance and actual results may differ materially from those in forward-looking statements. Factors that could cause the actual results to differ materially from those in forward-looking statements include market prices, exploration success, continued availability of capital and

financing, inability to obtain required regulatory or governmental approvals, and general economic, market or business conditions, including but not limited to the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic, see **General Overview of Market Conditions** on page 2 of this MD&A. Investors are cautioned that any such statements are not guarantees of future performance and actual results or developments may differ materially from those projected in the forward-looking statements. Readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on this forward-looking information.

Forward-looking statements are based on the beliefs, estimates and opinions of the Corporation's management on the date the statements are made. The Corporation undertakes no obligation to update these forward-looking statements in the event that management's beliefs, estimates, opinions or other factors should change, except as required by law.

These statements are based on a number of assumptions, including, among others, assumptions regarding general business and economic conditions, the timing of the receipt of regulatory and governmental approvals for the transactions described herein, the ability of the Corporation and other relevant parties to satisfy stock exchange and other regulatory requirements in a timely manner, the availability of financing for the Corporation's transactions and exploration and development programs on reasonable terms, and the ability of third-party service providers to deliver services in a timely manner. The foregoing list of assumptions is not exhaustive. Events or circumstances could cause results to differ materially.